Synergistic Hydrometallurgical Treatment for Pyrolysed and Flotated Black Mass from the Spent Li-lons Batteries



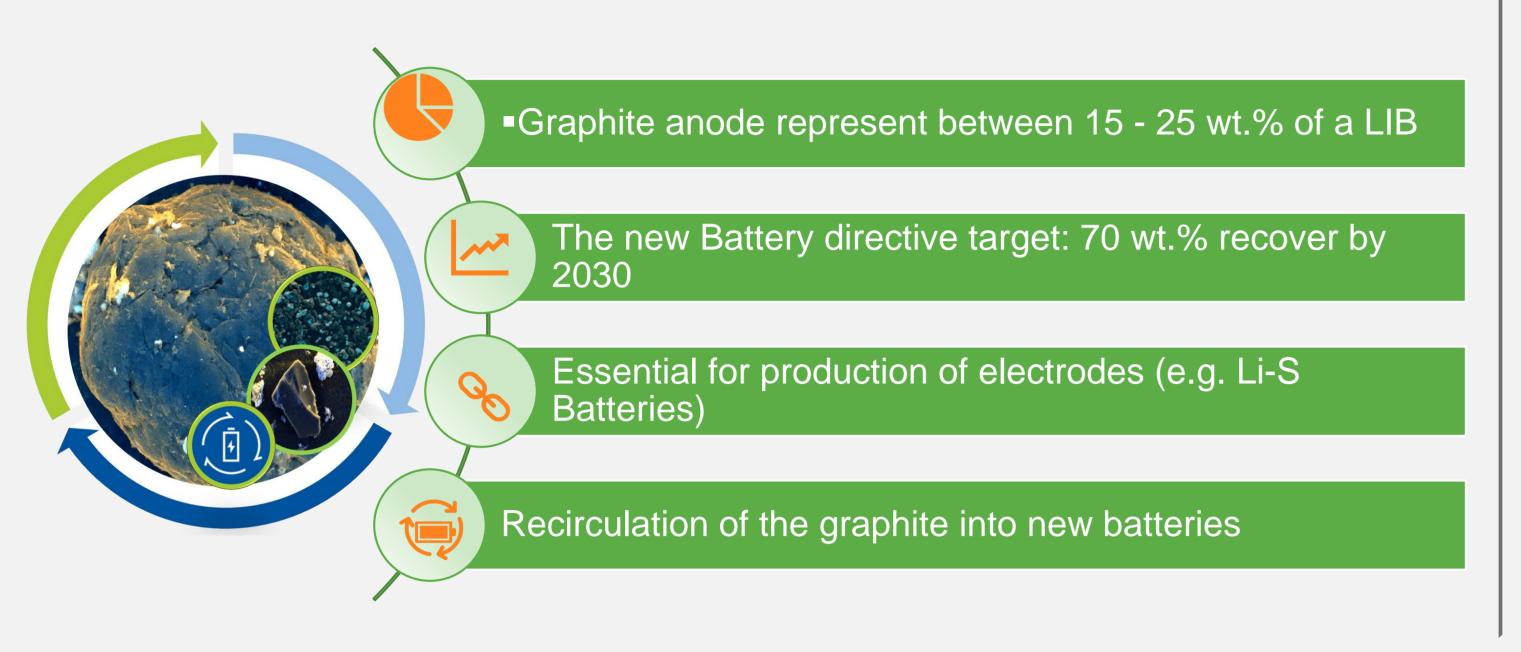
AP 4: Cleaning of flotation products and development of a recycling concept

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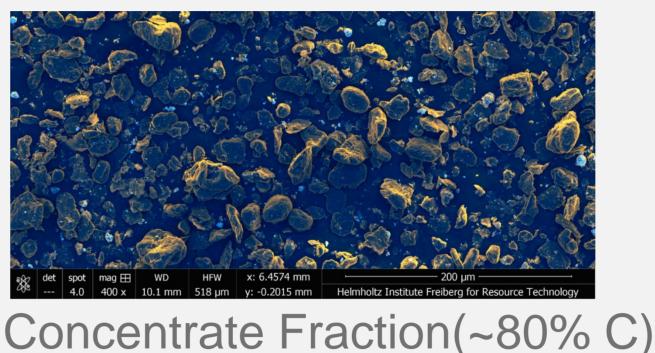
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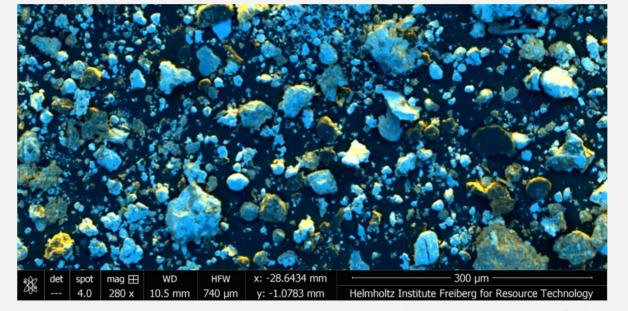


Recovery of graphite from flotation products



Initial Situation / State of Research

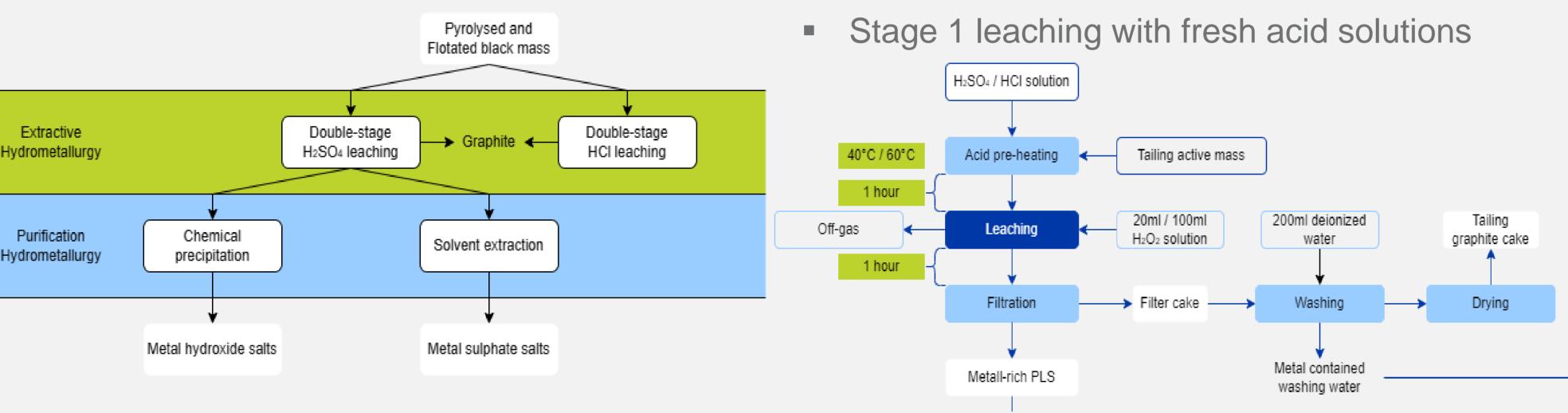




Tailings fraction (<10% C)

- Froth floatation from AP 3 produced overflow and underflow fractions
- Overflow consists mainly of carbon
- Underflow consists mainly of metal oxides
- Floated materials contain large amount of valuables to be extracted
 - → Hydrometallurgy Treatment

Methodology

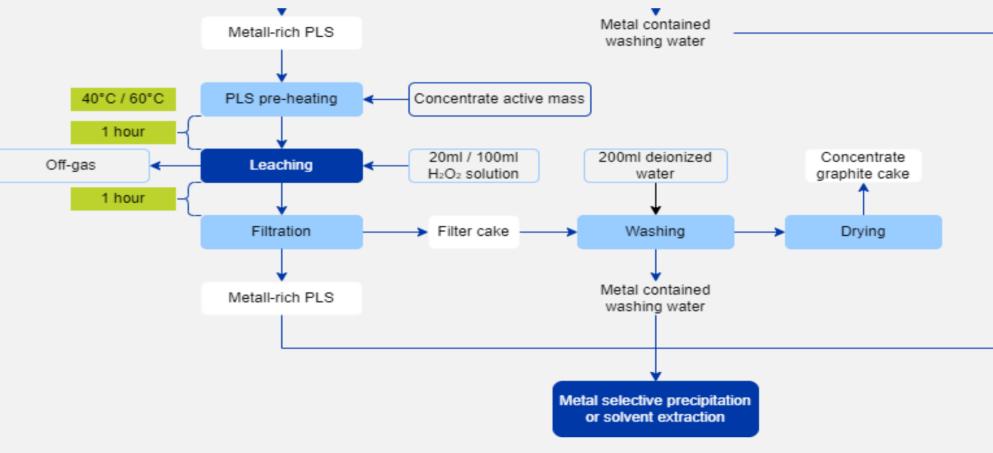


Two steps hydrometallurgical treatment developed

- Extractive -> Graphite/carbon recovery
- Purification → Metal recovery

- 2 Typs of acids tested: Sulphuric and Hydrochloric
- Input materials : Tailing fraction (<10% C)
- → tailing graphite cake and metal-rich PLS (pregnant leaching solution)

Stage 2 leaching with metal-rich PLS



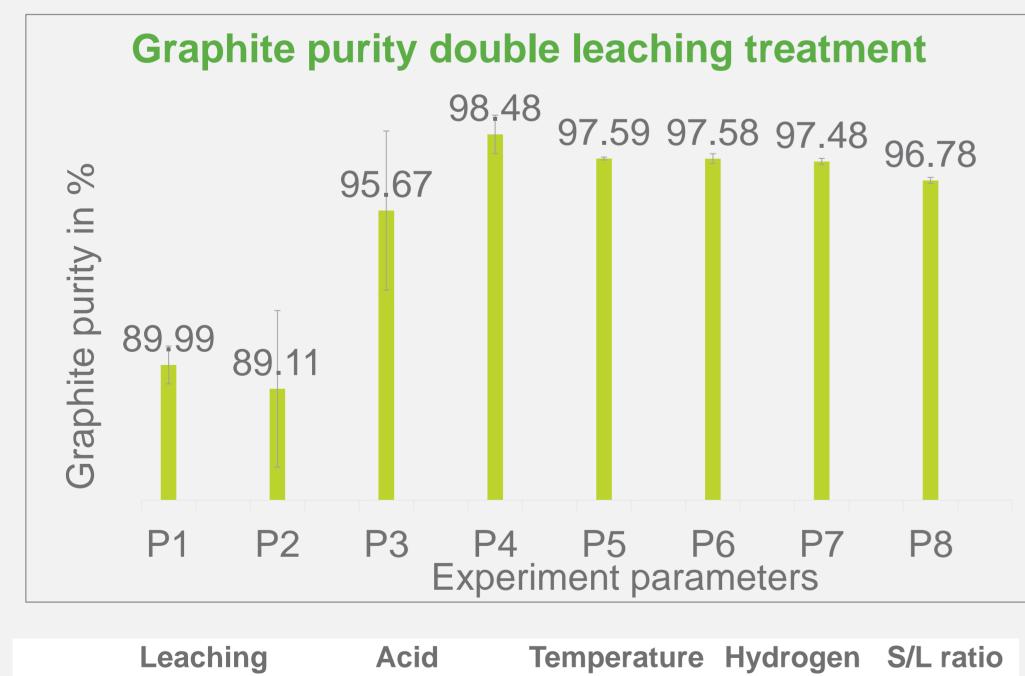
Stage 2 tested leaching with metal-rich PLS

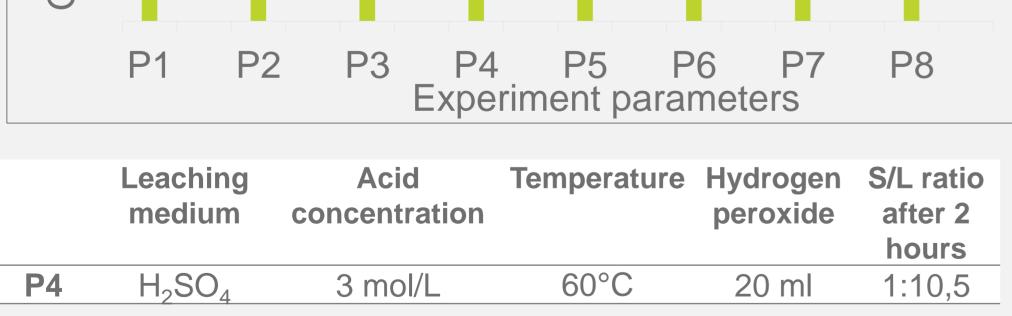
- Input materials: Concentrate Fraction (~80%C)
- → Graphite cake with metal rich solution for metal recovery

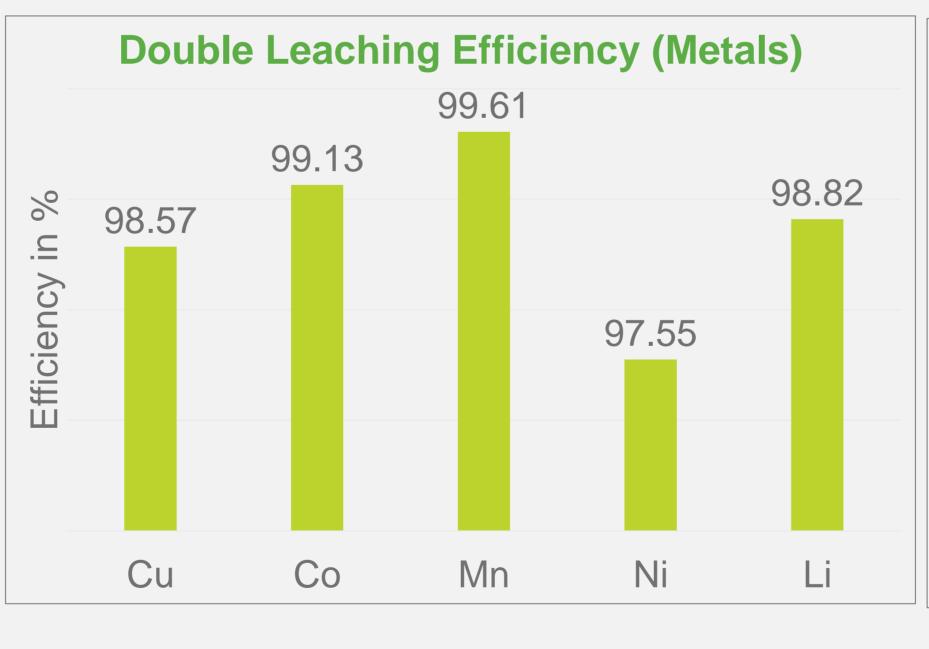
Results

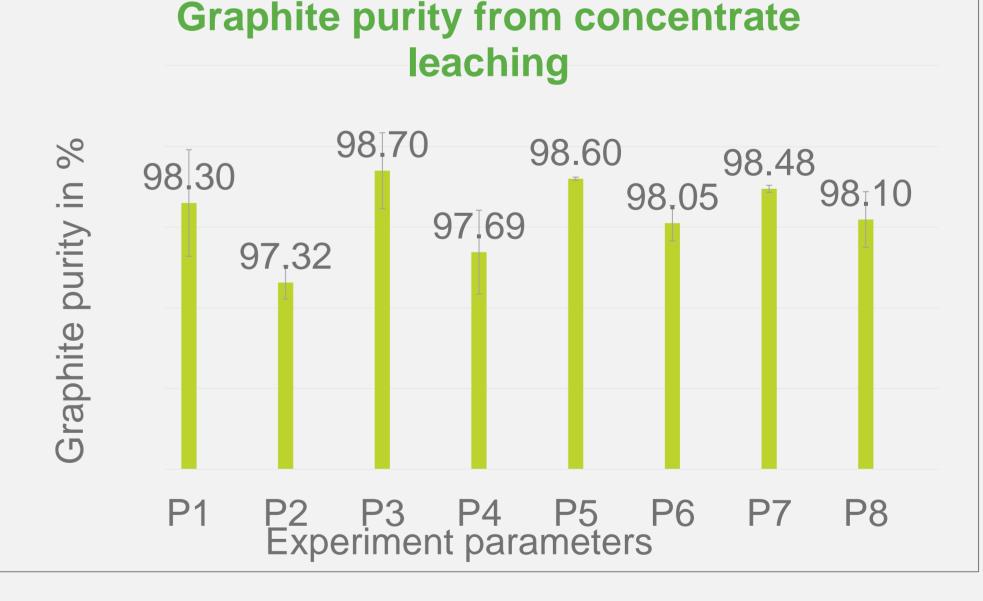
- Best case parameters determined from Experiment P4
- KPI for graphite purity > 98% achieved in P4

Concentrate leaching on its own show very high graphite purity









- Experiment paramaters vary in terms of acid concentration (2-4) mol/L) and temperature (40°C or 60°C)
- Repeated experiments conducted with 4 mol/L sulphuric acid

Sources and own publications

1. J.Wijaya, P. Sabarny, B. Friedrich, Synergistic Hydrometallurgical Treatment for Pyrolysed and Flotated Black Mass from the Spent Li-Ions Batteries, Master Thesis, submitted March 2023

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